# **Fast Facts on the California Economy**

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California's economy is the eighth largest in the world with a 2013 state GDP of \$2.2 trillion. In May 2014, the California seasonally adjusted unemployment rate was 7.6%, down from 7.8% the previous month. Over the same period, the national unemployment rate remained at 6.3% for the second consecutive month.

### **California's Global Economy**

In 2013, California's total GDP was \$2.2 trillion<sup>5</sup>, as compared to the U.S. total Real GDP of \$16.8 trillion.<sup>6</sup>

If California were a country, its 2013 GDP would be ahead of both the Russian Federation and Italy for 8<sup>th</sup> in the world. Worldwide GDP ranking are as follows: United States (\$16.80 trillion), China (\$9.18 trillion), Japan (\$4.90 trillion), Germany (\$3.63 trillion), France (\$2.73 trillion), United Kingdom (\$2.53 trillion), Brazil (\$2.24 trillion), California (\$2.20 trillion), Russian Federation (\$2.11 trillion), Italy (\$2.07 trillion); India (\$1.87 trillion), Canada (\$1.82 trillion); Australia (\$1.50 trillion); Spain (\$1.35 trillion); and Mexico (\$1.25 trillion).

#### California Recovery and Beyond

- In 2013, California per capita personal income ranked 12<sup>th</sup> in the U.S. at \$47,401 or 106% of the national average of \$44,543.<sup>8</sup> A decade earlier, in 2003, the per capita income of California was \$35,298, ranking the state 9th in the U.S.<sup>9</sup>.
- In 2013, California GDP grew by 2%, from \$2 trillion to \$2.2 trillion, with the industry contributing the most to this growth being the information sector (0.72%). The largest industry sectors in California in 2013 were: Finance, insurance, real estate, rental, and leasing (20.9% of total California GDP) and professional and business services (13.2% of total California GDP).
- California civilian employment in May 2014 increased by 129,500 workers from the prior month, raising total civilian employment in the state to 17.2 million persons. Between May 2013 and May 2014, civilian employment increased by 281,500 persons.
- Private sector employment, which excludes government, rose by 14,700 jobs in May 2014 following a gain of 62,500 in the previous month. In May 2014, nonfarm employment rose in six industry sectors: leisure and hospitality (+10,300); professional and business services (+8,900); educational and health services (+6,900); government (+3,600); other services (+400); and construction (+200). Five sectors lost jobs in May including; manufacturing (-6,800); trade, transportation and utilities (-2,900); financial activities (-1,600); information (-600) and mining and logging (-100).
- The Employment Development Department is responsible for accessing future employment needs based on regional industry clusters. Projects for California employment for 2010-2020, including new and replacement, are as follows: hospitality and tourism (868,186); retail (731,292); health care services (584,560); education and knowledge creation (525875); professional and business services (445,157); information and technology (322,032); professional, scientific, and technical services (322,032); financial services and real estate (275,464); construction (263,157); and transportation and logistics (183,710).<sup>13</sup>

<u>Unemployment Rates for Largest Areas: May 2014</u>. The following figures are not seasonally adjusted (as compared to the seasonally adjusted unemployment number above.) Monthly unemployment numbers by their nature are not seasonally adjusted. <sup>14</sup>

Statewide:	7.1%	Riverside:	8.0%
Fresno:	10.5%	San Bernardino:	8.0%
Imperial:	21.1%	Sacramento:	6.8%
Kern:	10.1%	San Diego:	5.8%
Los Angeles:	8.0%	Santa Clara:	5.2%
Orange:	4.9%	Sutter:	14.0%

The highest unemployment rates by race and ethnicity was among blacks was (13.5%), Hispanics (9.8%), and whites (8.1%). By age group, the highest unemployment was among workers 16 to 19 (29.9%), the same rate reported for the prior month. The largest group of unemployed persons when sorted by duration were those unemployed for 52 weeks or more (408,000 persons, 26.1% of all unemployed). <sup>17</sup>

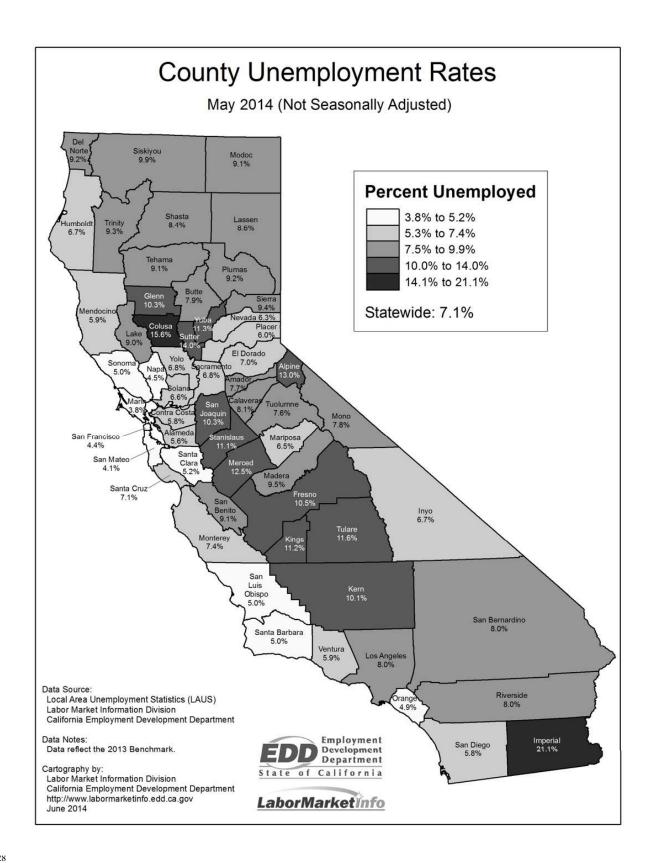
There were 1.2 million persons in California who worked part time involuntarily, also known as "part time for economic reasons." They comprise 7.2% of all employed workers. This is 9.3% (124,000 individuals) decrease from May 2014. 18

#### **Manufacturing in California**

- In California, total employment in manufacturing is 1.2 million accounting for approximately 8.5% of total employment.<sup>19</sup>
- In May 2014, manufacturing was down 1,400 from the prior month. Employment related to the manufacturing of durable goods was down 1,200 jobs in May after a 1,200 loss in April. Nondurable goods were down 200 jobs in May after a gain of 1,800 jobs in April. <sup>20</sup>
- Manufacturing hours and average weekly earnings were up in May, while the hourly earnings were down. The average weekly earnings increased \$7.11 from April (\$865.28). Average hourly earnings were down eight cents to \$20.80.<sup>21</sup>

## **California Imports and Exports**

- California exported \$168 billion in products in 2013, up 4% over the 2012 total. <sup>22</sup> California imported \$380 billion in products from other countries in 2013, accounting for 16.8% of total U.S. imports in 2013. <sup>23</sup>
- California's largest export market is Mexico, where the value of exports totaled \$23.9 billion in 2013. After Mexico, California's top export markets in 2013 were: Canada (\$18.8 billion); China (\$16.3 billion); Japan (\$12.7 billion); and South Korea (\$8.3 billion).<sup>24</sup>
- California's top five exports in 2013 were: Computer & Electronic Products (\$42.3 billion); Transportation Equipment (\$17.6 billion); Machinery, Except Electrical (\$15.1 billion); Miscellaneous Manufactured Commodities (\$14.6 billion); and Agricultural Products (\$13.7 billion). <sup>25</sup>
- China is the largest source of imports into California; the 2013 value of Chinese imports was \$130 billion. China is followed by Japan (\$38.3 billion); Mexico (\$36.2 billion); Canada (\$26.3 billion); and Germany (\$13 billion).<sup>26</sup>
- California's top five imports in 2013 were: Computer & Electronic Products (\$109.2 billion); Transportation Equipment (\$62.9 billion); Oil & Gas (\$29.6 billion); Miscellaneous Manufactured Commodities (\$20.1 billion); and Apparel & Accessories (\$19.9 billion).<sup>27</sup>



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